

# Using the CMultiIOBaseFilter class

## Overview

The CMultiIOBaseFilter class follows the same design as the CTransformFilter class. The only difference is that it allows the implementer of the subclass to easily create a filter with multiple input and output pins and takes care of all the base work needed. This should make it easy for anyone used to writing standard transform filters to reuse this class.

See the example StreamConcatFilter project for more information. This filter simply takes two stream inputs and concatenates them into one image. No error handling has been done and for testing I simply connected my webcam input to an infinite tee filter. I then connected two (similar) outputs of the infinite tee filter and connected these to the CstreamConcatFilter. The output was then connected to a video renderer which rendered the desired picture (See figure 1).

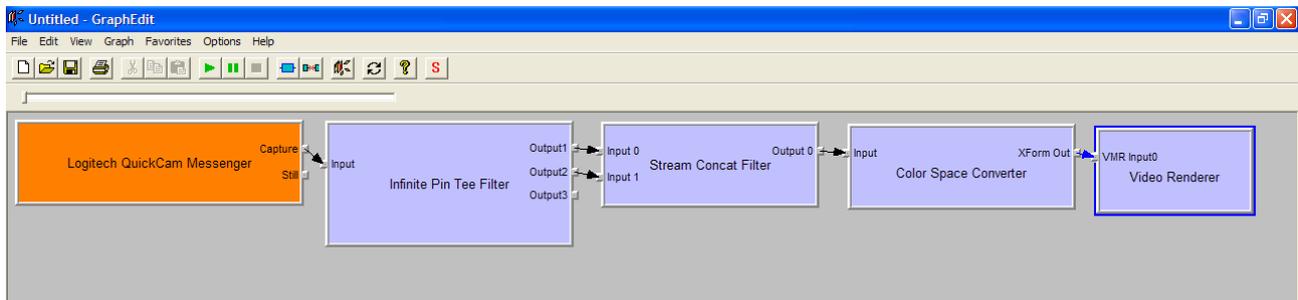


Figure 1:

## Usage

On the development the following steps are necessary to use this base class

### Create subclass of CMultiIOBaseFilter

Extend the base class as is illustrated in the example project.

### Call Initialise in your subclass constructor

This method calls the virtual method needed to initialise the acceptable types, subtypes and formats on the input and output pins of the filter, as well as initial number of input and output pins

### Override InitialNumberOfInputPins and InitialNumberOfOutputPins

The default number of input and output pins is 1. Override these methods if this is not suitable for your application

### Override InitialiseInputTypes and InitialiseOutputTypes

Call the AddInputType and AddOutputType method with acceptable media types for your filter's input and output pins.

### Override OnFullCreateMoreInputs and OnFullCreateMoreOutputs

These methods determine whether new inputs/outputs are created once all available ones have been used.

## **Override DecideBufferSize**

This method is very similar to the CTransformFilter method which needs to be overridden. The extra parameter denotes which output pin the buffer size is being decided for.

## **Override GetMediaType**

This method again is very similar to the CTransformFilter equivalent. The extra parameter again denotes which output pin is being queried for its media type.

## **Linking:**

Be sure to link the DirectShow base class library into the project. Once you've built the static lib, be sure to link this into your own custom filter DLL.